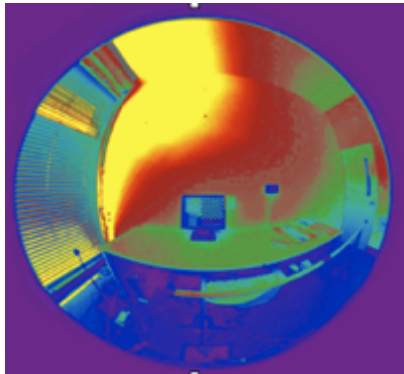


G-A-P-S in Building Performance

Stephen Selkowitz

**Group Leader, Windows and Building Envelope
Senior Advisor, Building Science
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory**



If you don't know where you
are going, any road will get
you there...

50-80% Reduction in Carbon? Solution is Simple in Concept

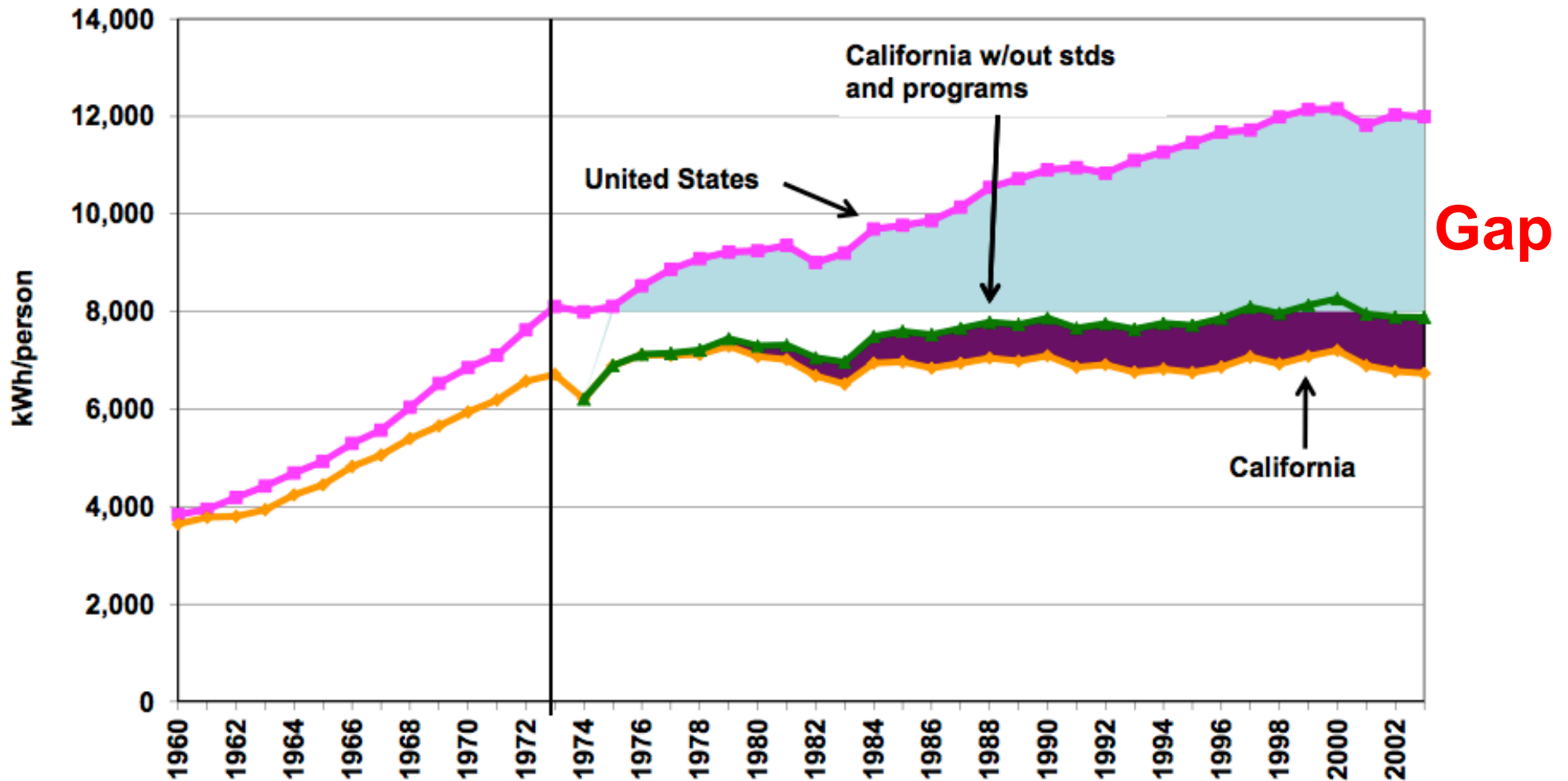
- 1. Optimize “Lifestyle” to Minimize Energy Services and Needs**
 - Buildings...
 - Make cities walkable, food, ...
- 2. Optimize Efficient Use of Energy**
 - LED light bulbs,.....
- 3. Decarbonize energy sources**
 - Solar energy,.....

But more difficult to plan, execute and scale
Where are the Gaps?

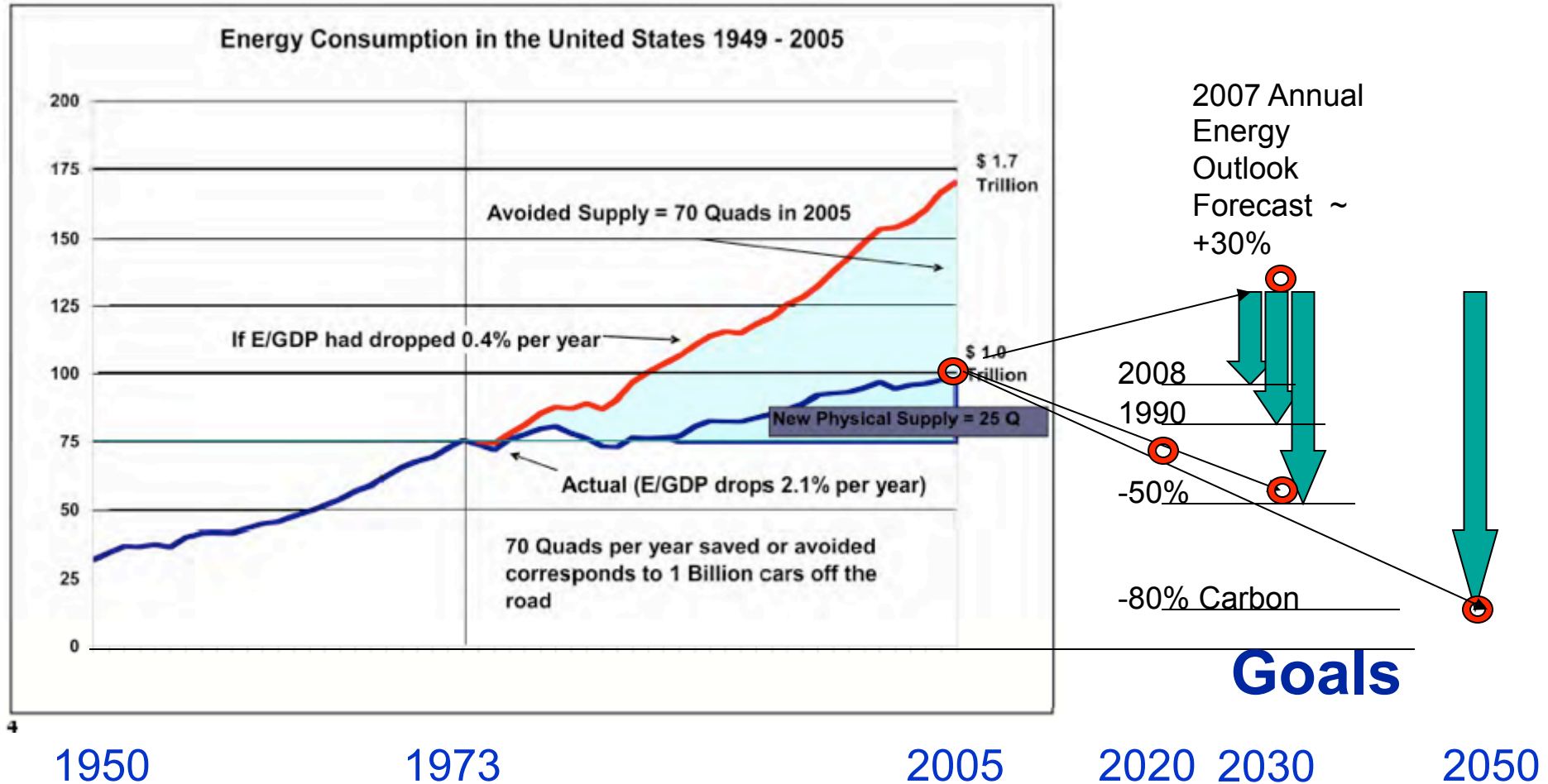


U.S. Energy Use Grows While California Usage Remains Flat

Per Capita Electricity Sales (not including self-generation)
(kWh/person)



U.S. Energy Use Gaps: Past and Present Trends vs. Future Goals

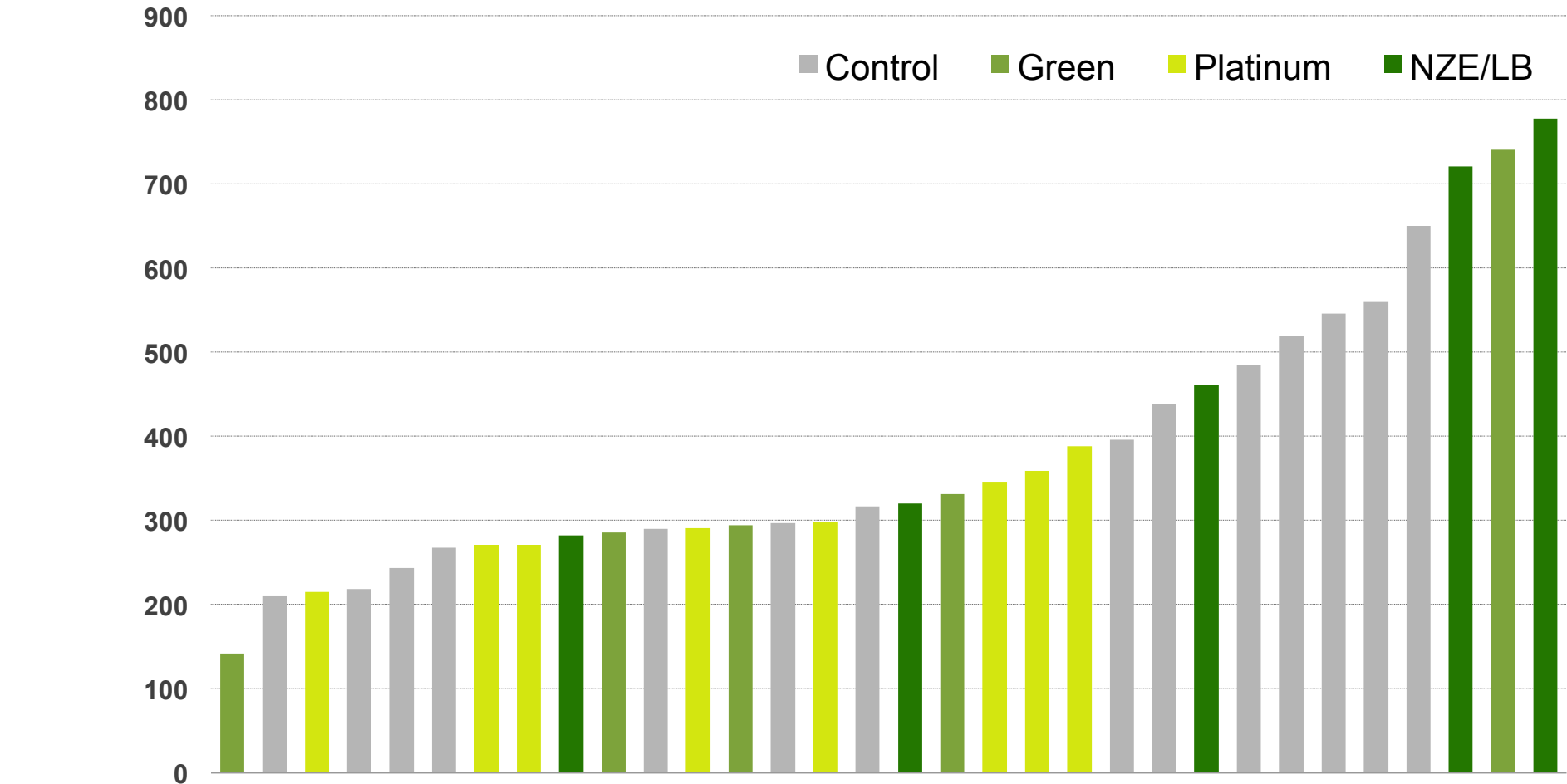


Gaps....

- Early Adopters vs Mainstream vs Laggards
- Best in Class vs Business as Usual
- Design Intent vs Skill and Knowledge
- Design Cost -> “Value Engineering” - > Final Cost
- “Reality” vs Speed of impact and scale:
 - “all buildings by 2018...”
 - (Innovation studies: 17 years from concept to practice)
- Tool predictions vs lab test vs field measurements....

Affordability Gap?

Construction Cost of Low Rise Office Buildings Cost Premium/Gap for Efficient Buildings



\$ / SF

BUILDINGS MEASURED

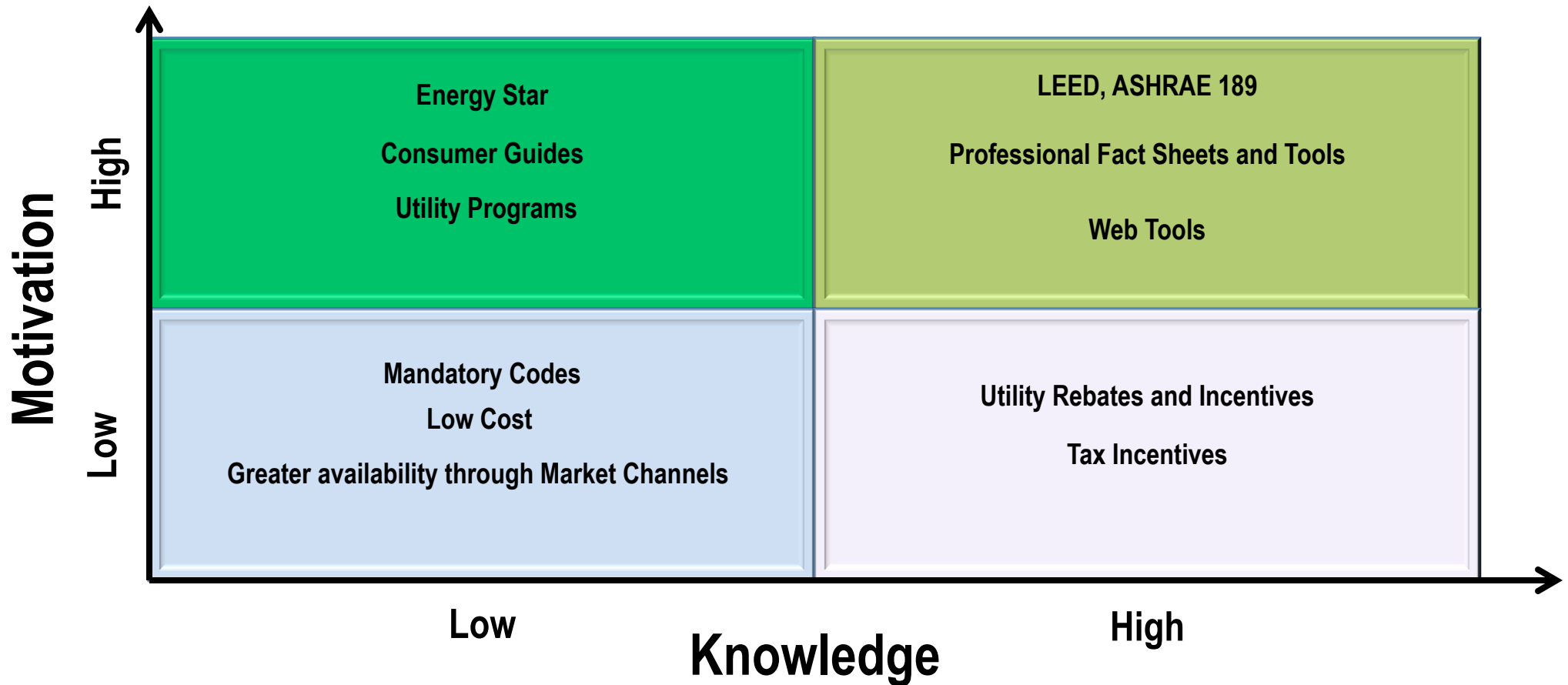
Lisa Matthiessen, Peter Morris and Laura Lesniewski

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory



Gap: Motivation and Knowledge/Skill Level

Portfolio of Strategies to Increase Energy Savings



Gap: “Do the Best You Can Now” vs “Wait and Do It Better Tomorrow”

(Don't Let the Perfect be the Enemy of the Good)

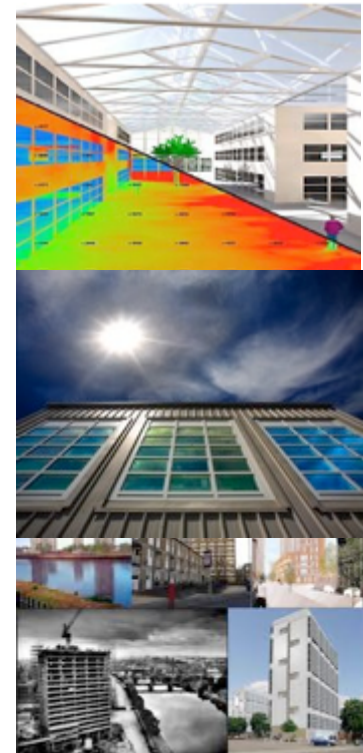
- **Increase Rate of Adoption of Existing/Emerging Technologies**
 - Operational improvements
 - Better Design and Selection Guidance
 - New Market channels
 - New Voluntary and Mandatory Programs
 - Education and training
- **Create Pipeline of New Technology Options and Business Models:**
 - **Incremental improvements** to technology available today
 - Performance enhancements but Cost reductions
 - New features
 - **Breakthrough R&D**
 - Innovation- new products, new applications
 - **Components → Integrated Systems**

A New Framework for Building Performance

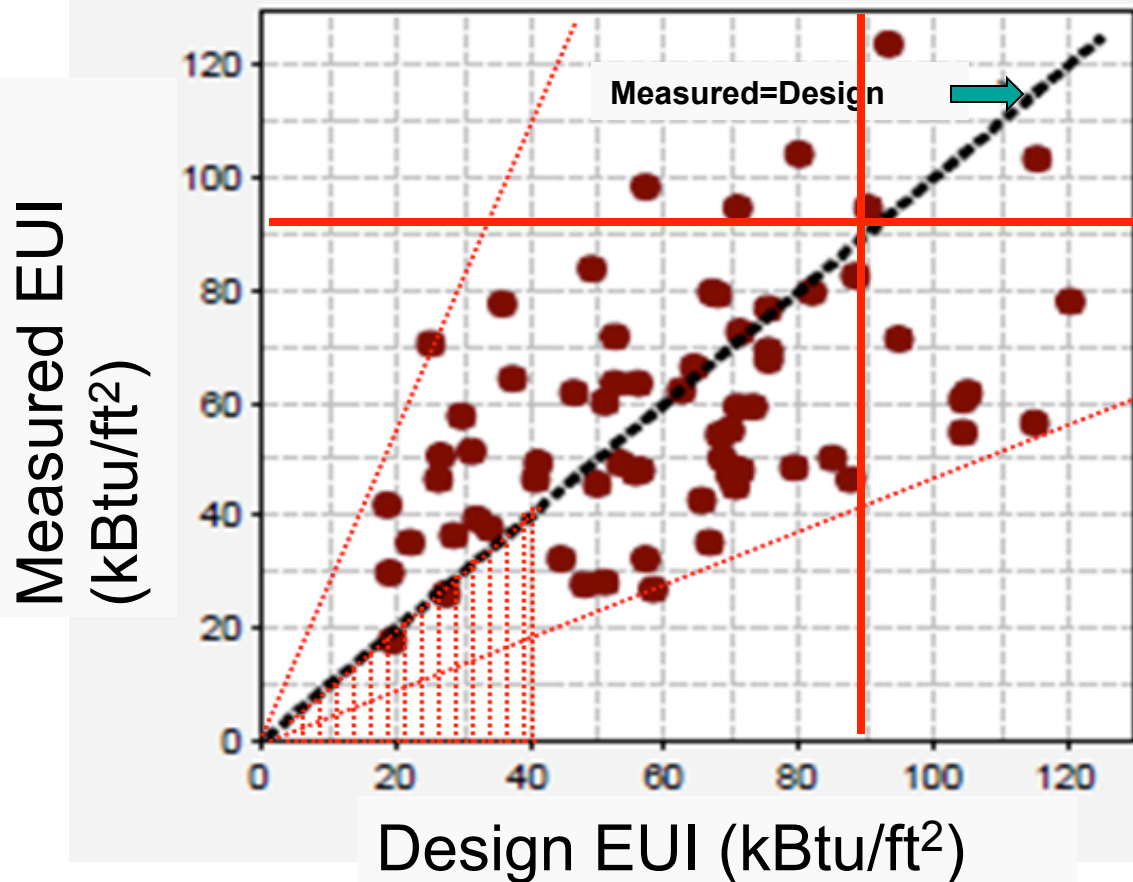
Vision: To design and operate buildings with “*guaranteed*” energy performance.

Goal: To accurately predict and verify energy performance across the building life cycle, from design to operations

- 1. Predict Performance:** Use fully validated simulation models and processes to reliably simulate and optimize a wide range of systems and their interactions.
- 2. Ensure Actual Performance:** Validate/integrate simulation with measurements in testbeds and real buildings.
- 3. Deploy at Scale:** Implement performance prediction tools and smart operations in routine practice



The Gap and the Challenge: Design Goals vs Measured Performance



Observations:

1. Various building types, ages, locations
2. Average over all projects is not bad
3. Max over-predict by **120%**
4. Max under-predict by **65%**
5. **Almost all under-predicted for low energy designs** (red triangle: EUI \leq 40)
6. Uncalibrated simulated results

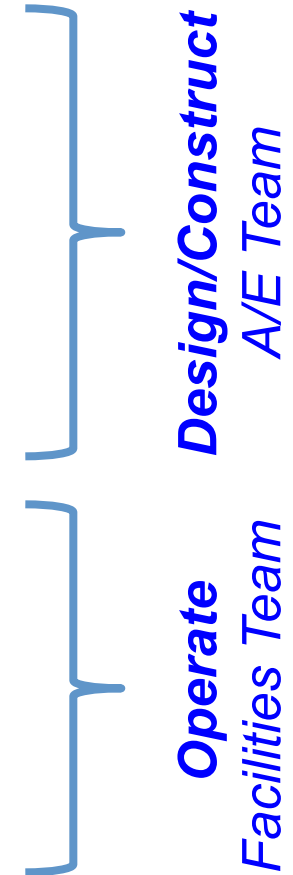
Source: Energy performance of LEED-NC buildings, NBI, 2008

Can We Guarantee Performance???

Measured Performance vs Design Goals

Measured Performance =

- Design Goals x
- Simulation Tool Accuracy x
- Simulator Skill x
- Value Eng'ing “Aftermath” x
- Construction “Artifacts” x
- Schedule “Adjustments” x
- Facility Operations x
- Occupant “Adjustments” x
- Weather “Adjustments”



What is the Sensitivity/Uncertainty Associated with Each Factor?

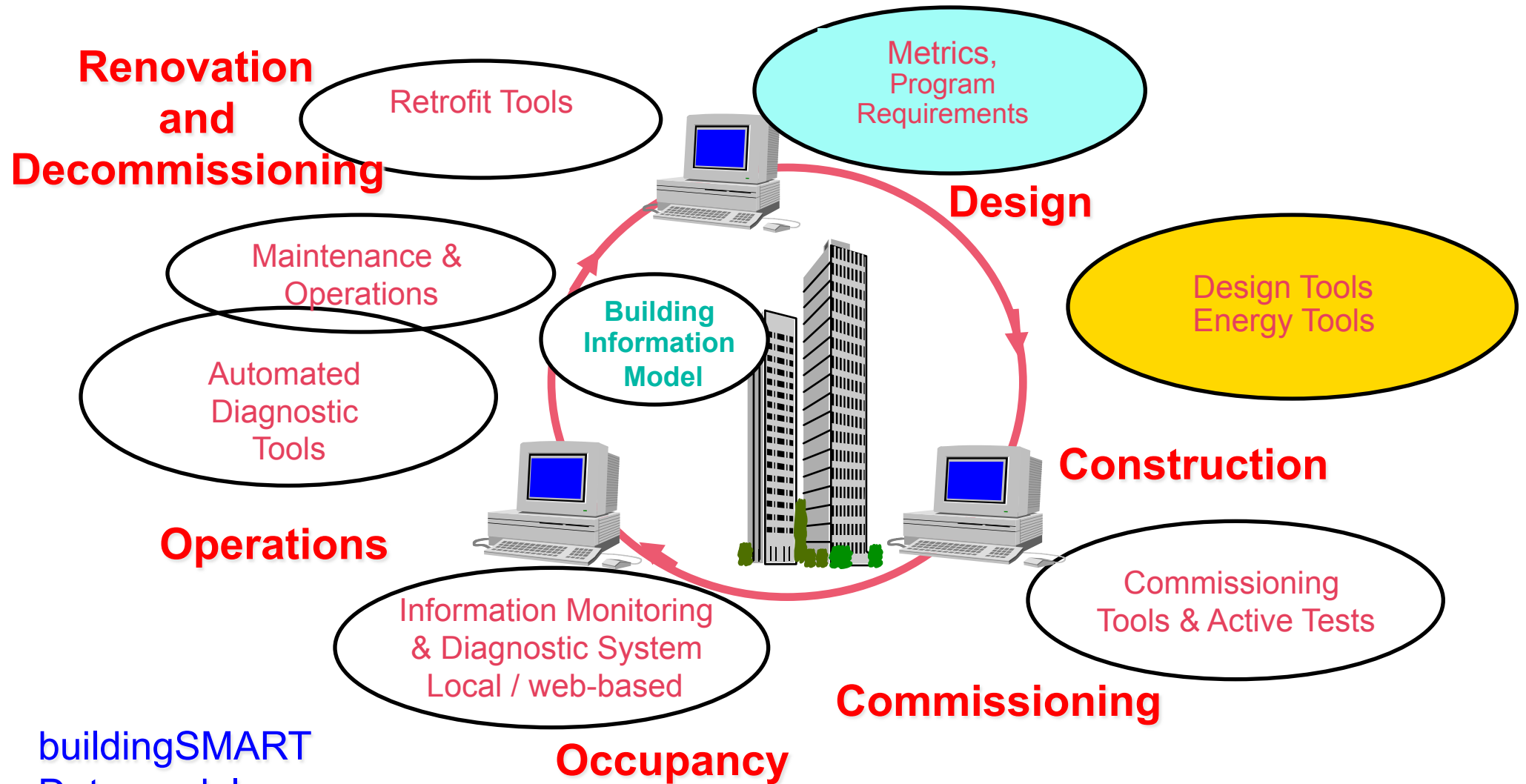
“guaranteed” Energy Performance

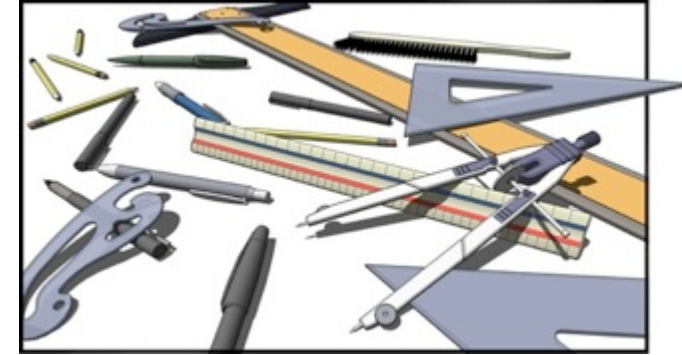
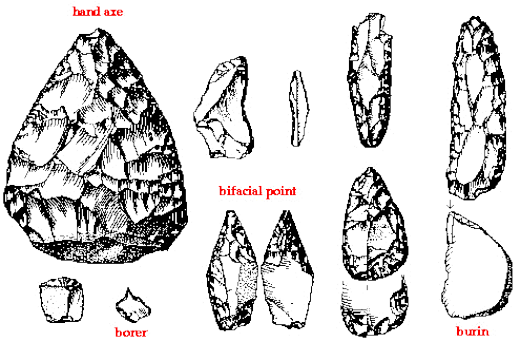
- **Can a Design Team Guarantee Energy Use target?**
- **Design – Bid – Build – Operate....??**
- Need new metrics and new business practices

- **New Market Drivers:**
- **Outcome-based codes:**
 - “Build anything you want but prove that the building energy use is lower than target level after occupancy...”

- **More Transparency: Energy Disclosure laws**
 - “Publicly” disclose your annual energy use!
 - European Union implementation
 - **US: 29 Cities and States now have disclosure laws**

Gap: Data Management Across Building Life-Cycle

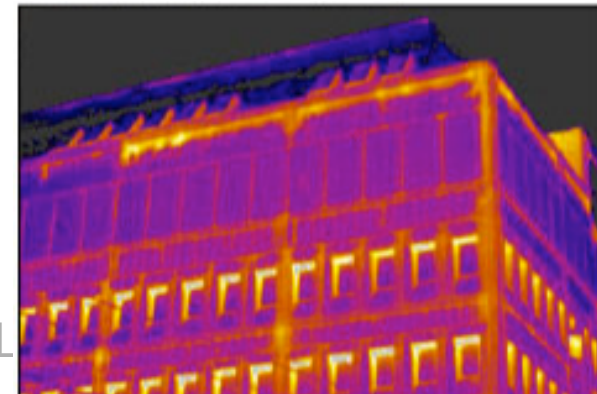




Data, Models and Tools

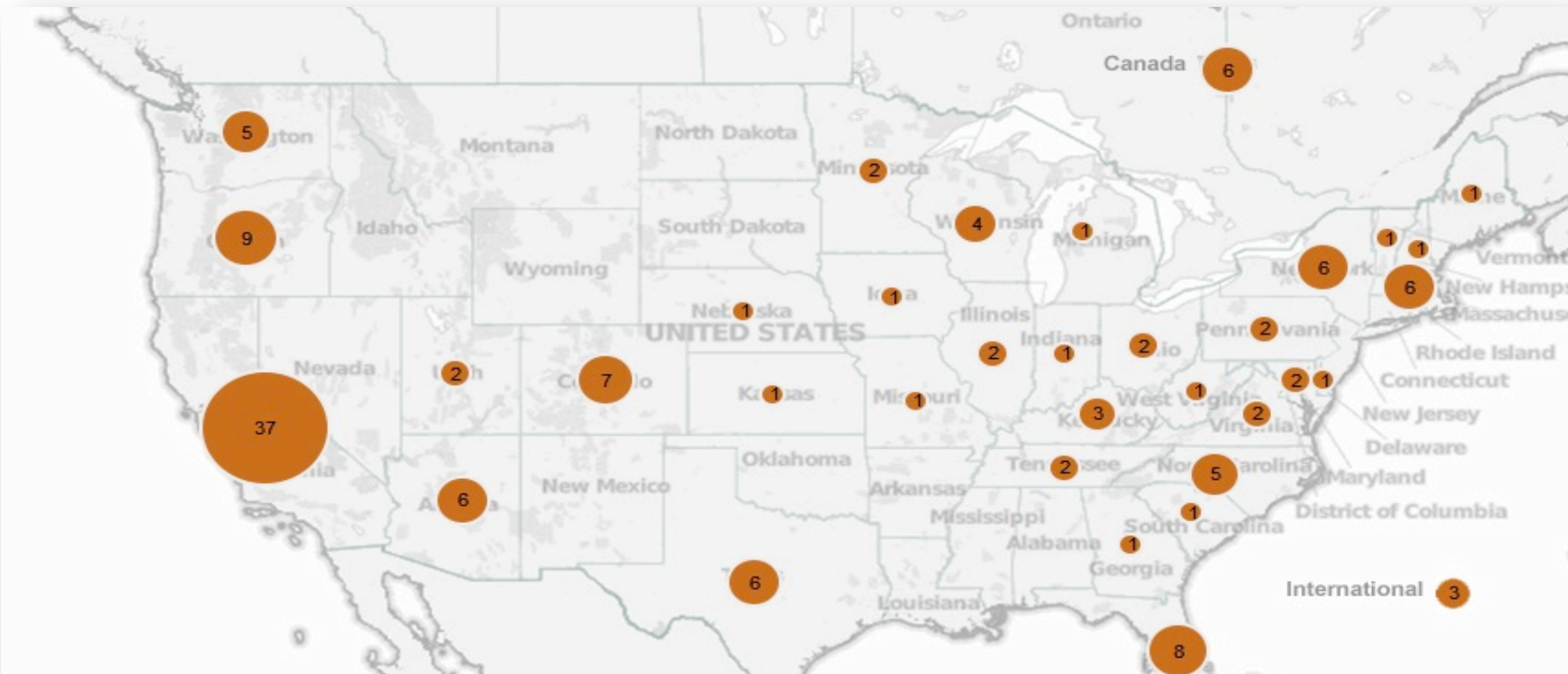
**“All Simulation Models are Wrong,
But Some are Useful”**

How do we ensure our tools are useful?



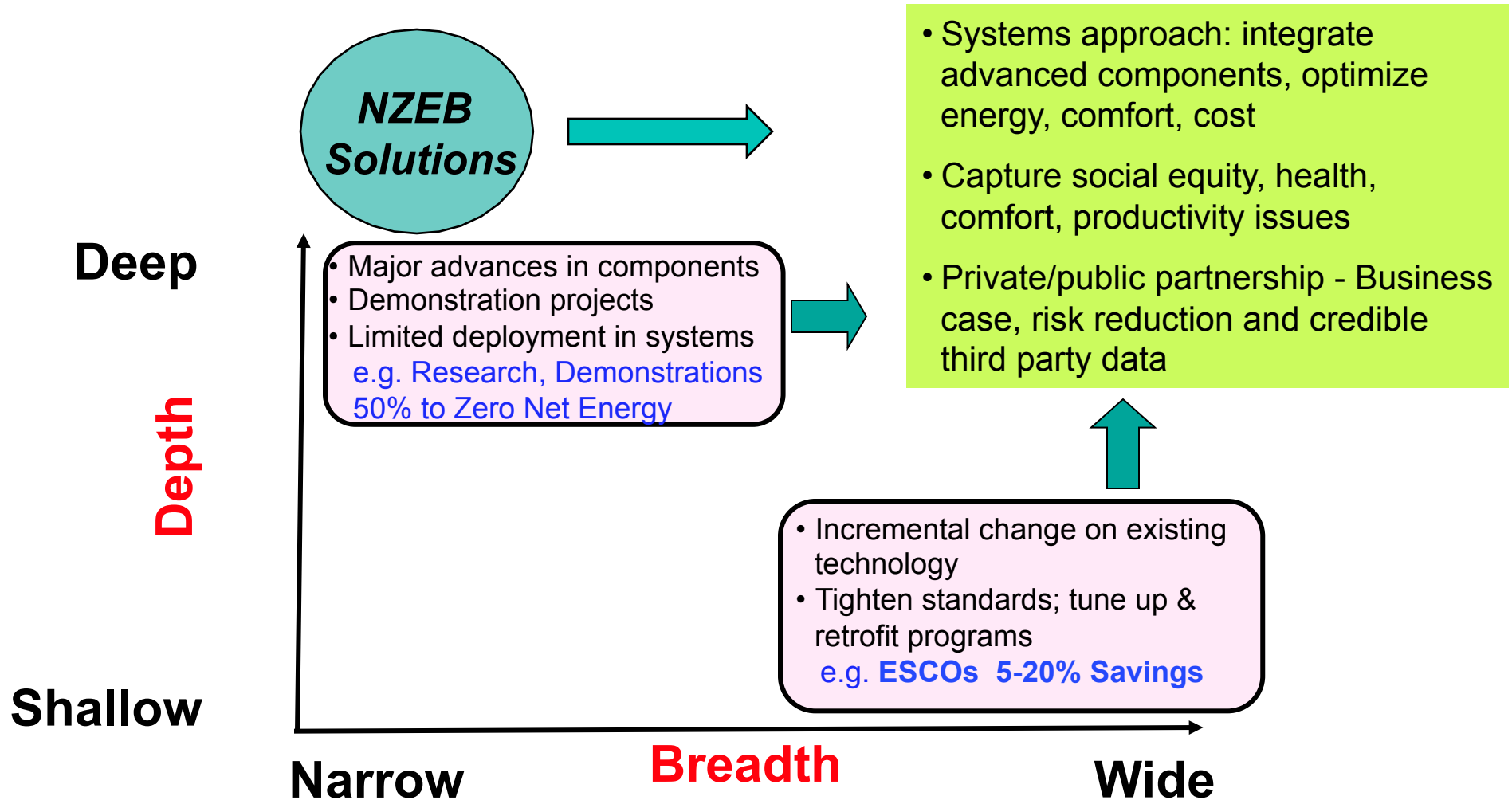
Net Zero Energy Buildings Status: 2014 Good News – Bad News

~ 147 buildings
in 37 states!



But there are 5,000,000 buildings in US
Can we Scale This? How?

Gap: Need Scale to Achieve Impact



NZEB: Net (Nearly) Zero Energy Buildings

The Vision

- “Net Zero Energy Buildings” is the right goal
- NZEB = 60-80% savings + renewables

The Dream

- ***Just Do It***
 - *Set a goal - march toward it*
 - *Its easy, if we commit and apply ourselves*
 - *We have the technology and know-how*

The Reality

- ***Major National Challenge***
 - *Technically attainable - Difficult to achieve in scale*
 - *Shortcomings: Owners? Users? Tools? Construction? Operations?*
 - *Integrated Standards -Deployment-Demonstration-Research*
 - *Issues- Policy, Finance, Design Process, Technology*



Gap: Technology View vs. Operations View

Building Innovation “Game Changers”

MATERIALS AND SYSTEMS

- Smart Glass/Dynamic solar control
- High R Windows, Insulation
- Thermal Storage- Envelope, structural

- >200 lumen/watt lighting
- Daylight integration
- Dimmable, Addressable Lighting Controls

- Task Conditioning HVAC
- Climate Integrated HVAC
- HVAC vs comfort and IEQ

- Miscellaneous Electrical Loads

- Demand Response
- Controls infrastructure- sensors, networks
- Building- and Grid- Smart electronics
- Electrical Storage

SYSTEMS: IT, LIFE-CYCLE OPERATIONS

- Building Life Cycle Perspective
- Benchmarks and Metrics
- Building Information Models (BIM)
- Integrated Design Process and Tools
- Building Operating Controls/Platform
- Building Performance Dashboards

- Understanding Occupants/Behavior
- Facility Operations

The “Ideal Window”?

Two Contrasting Views of Energy Efficiency

**1976 Perspective:
Code Official’s View of Ideal Window**

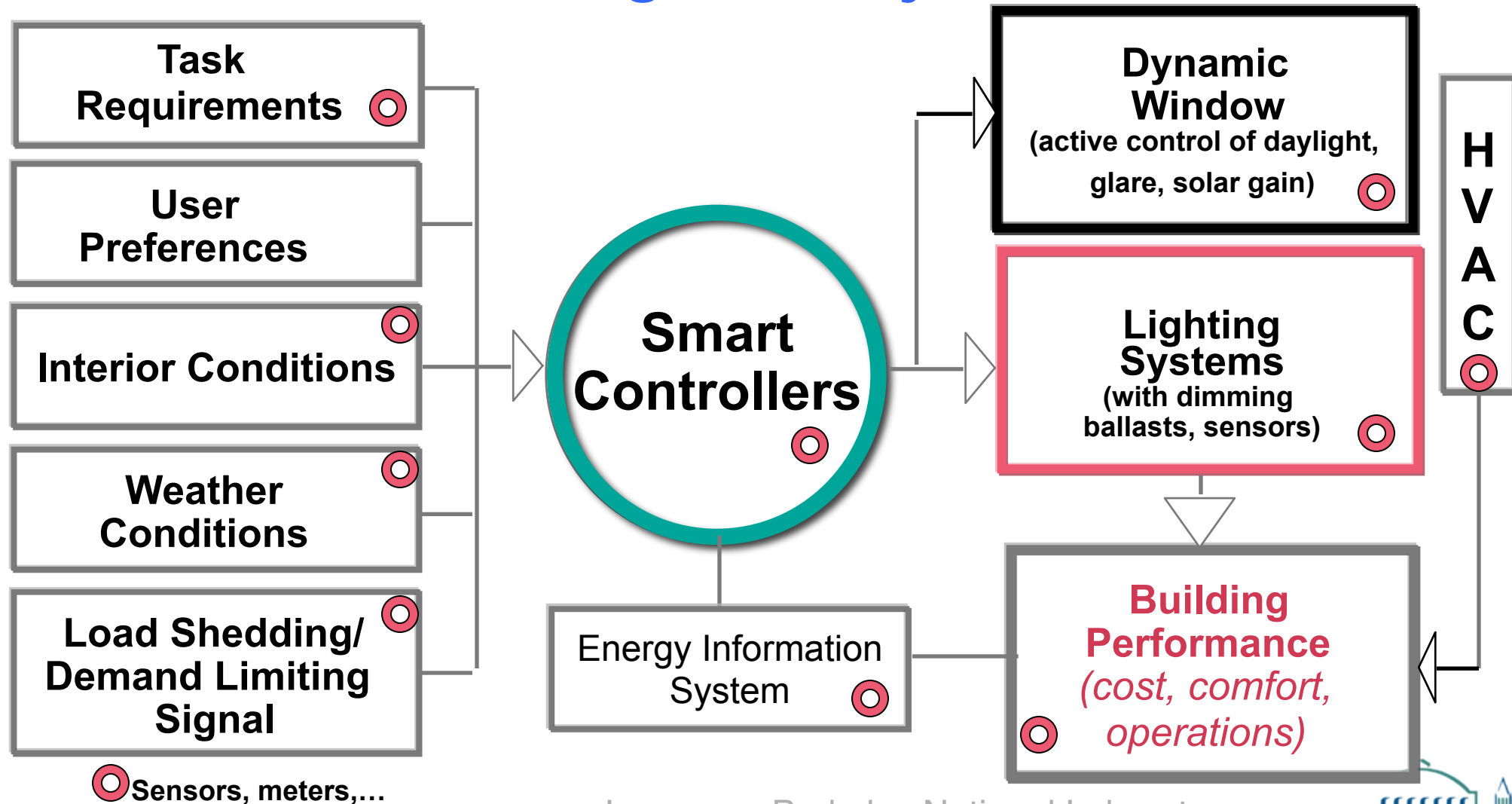


**2014 Perspective:
Architect’s View of Ideal Window**



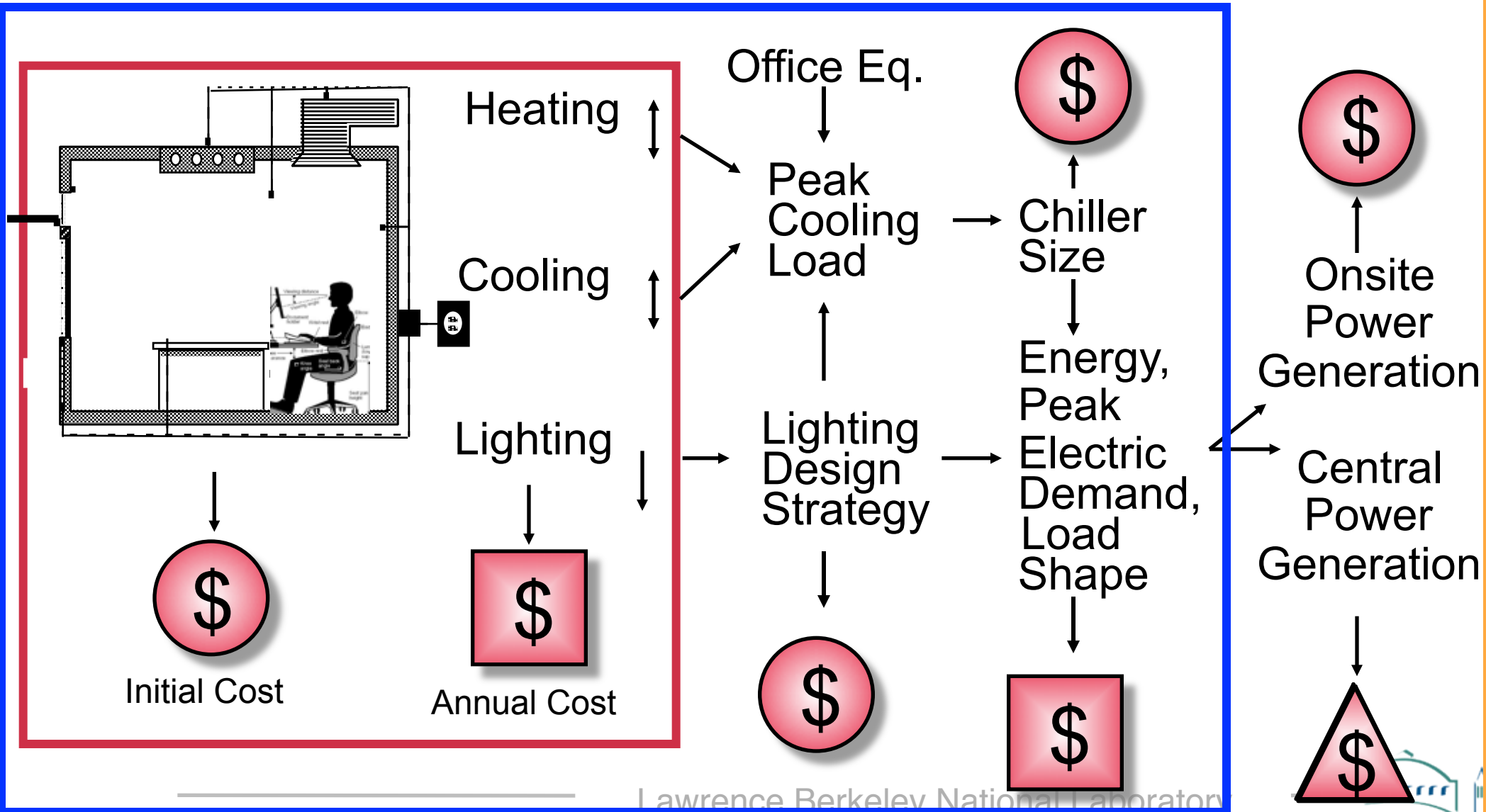
GAP- Static world -> Active, “Smart” world

Gap: Intelligent Building Control Systems: *The “Internet of Things” Collides with the Building Industry...*



System Integration Gap → Cost/Risk tradeoffs

People ↔ Buildings ↔ “Smart Grid”



Closing the Systems Integration Gap: FLEXLAB: Facility for Low Energy EXperiments in Buildings



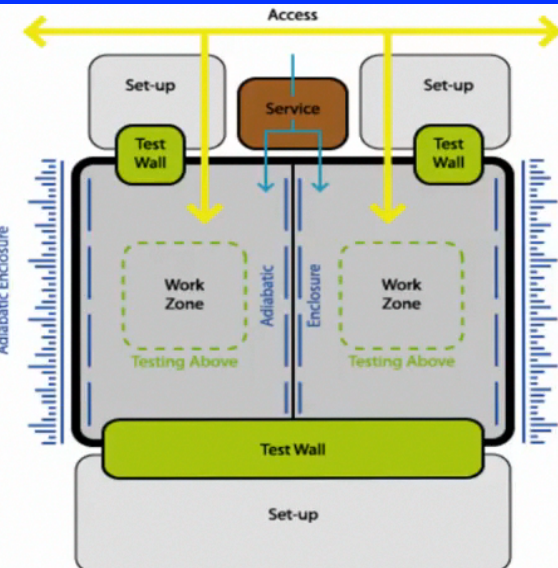
4 Outdoor Testbeds:

- 3 1-story
- 1 2-story

3 Indoor Testbeds

- Lighting/Plug Load
- Sensors/Controls
- Design Lab

Data Acquisition, Monitoring, Control System



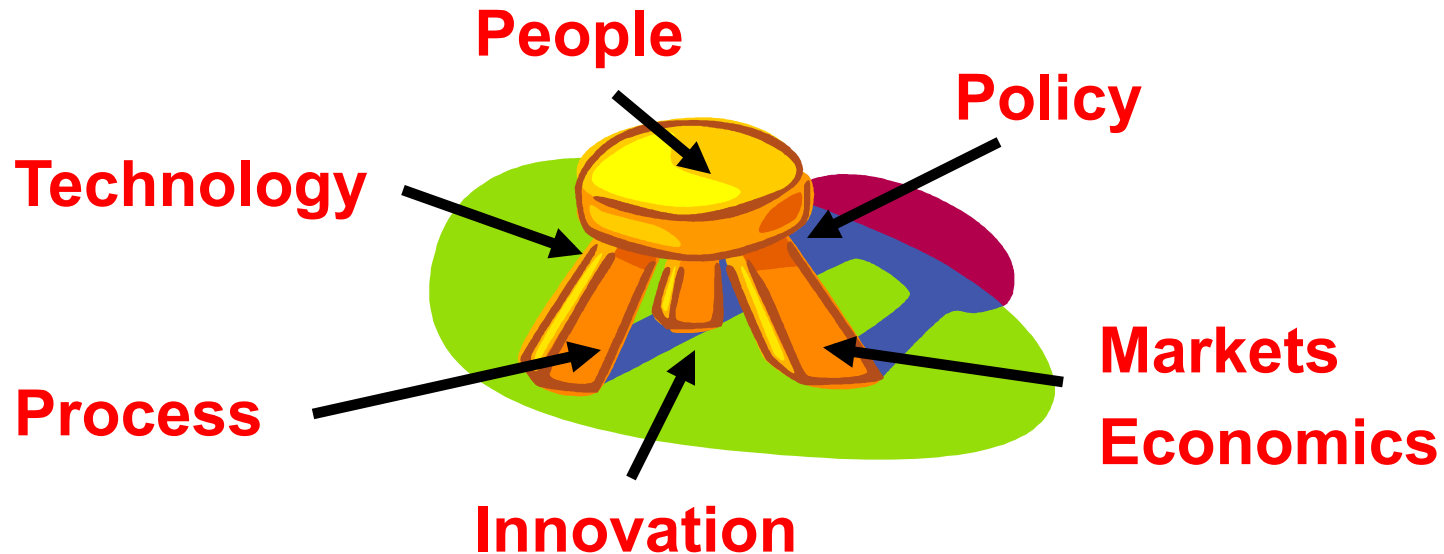
FLEXLAB
FACILITY FOR LOW ENERGY EXPERIMENTS IN BUILDINGS

Gaps to Solve the Building “Grand Challenge”

- Life Cycle of the Building
 - Design → Construction → Operations → Renovation → Decommissioning
- Measurable, Documented Energy Impacts
 - Make performance visible, understandable, actionable
- Integrated Smart Building Systems
 - Materials → Devices → Integrated Systems → Buildings
- Buildings and the Grid
 - Renewables, Storage, Microgrids, Neighborhoods, “Smart Grid”
- People and Behavior
 - Policy makers, Designers, Investors, Contractors, Occupants,..
 - Occupant behavior, life style, satisfaction, comfort,....
- “Intersection” of Technology and Policy
 - Incremental + Innovative, Disruptive technologies
 - Investment and Decision making

Significant Impact Comes Only from Comprehensive Balanced Program

To routinely deliver high performance, low-energy buildings we must find a balance between:



Solutions fail without this balance

Close the Gap: Everyone Wins....

- **NZE Buildings: a necessary and attainable target**
- **Make high performance and energy efficiency a market advantage, not an extra cost or a risk**
- **Must Deliver Measurable Savings!**
- **Opportunity:**


– **New Business and Markets**

 **Manufacturer**


– **Design freedom and flexibility**

 **Architect**

– **Value-added benefits, e.g. better acoustics**

 **Occupant**

– **New performance benefits: e.g. comfort**

 **Owner**

– **Modest/no extra first costs and large annual savings**

– **Lower impact on global environment**

 **Society**